

Advanced Materials

TECHNICAL DATA SHEET (Provisional)

Araldite[®] CW 30334 CI Resin 100 pbw Aradur[®] HW 30335 CI Hardener 75 pbw

Liquid, prefilled, hot-curing two-component epoxy casting system with high thermal conductivity and excellent thermal shock(-40°C/180°C) crack resistance.

Applications	Encapsulation of motor stators, transformer coils, and devices requiring high thermal conductivity and good thermal shock crack resistance.							
Processing Method	Vacuum casting, Vacuum Potting							
Key Properties	 High thermal conductivity Excellent thermal shock(-40°C/180°C) crack resistance Good gap filling performance Good thermal resistance Excellent mechanical and electrical properties Excellent Automatic Transmission Fluid(ATF) resistance 							
Typical Data*	Appearance Viscosity Density	esin (Liquid, mi at 60°C at 25°C nardener (Liquid at 60°C at 25°C	Visual ISO 3219 ISO 2811-2	mPa.s g/cm³ inhydride I	Viscous black liquid 2000 - 6000 2.20 - 2.30 hardener) Viscous white liquid 1500 - 5500 2.10 - 2.20			
	Because the hardener is sensitive to moisture. Partly emptied containers must be resealed immediately. * Typical data are based on Huntsman's test methods. Copies are available upon request.							
Mixing Ratio	CW30334 CI	Resin	Parts by W 100	/eight	Parts by Volume 100			
	HW30335 CI	Hardener	75		78			
-								



Processing

Preparation

CW30334 CI and HW30335 CI contain fillers, which tend to settle over time. It is therefore recommended to carefully homogenize the complete contents of the container before use. In the storage vessels of the production equipment, the prefilled products should be stirred up from time to time to avoid sedimentation and irregular metering.

Mixing

To facilitate stirring and removal, highly filled components are heated to 60 - 80°C in the original container (e.g. overnight in an oven).

The casting mix the resin component should be homogenized in holding tank A at 70 - 80°C under a vacuum of 1 -5 mbar, the hardener component in holding tank B at 50 - 60°C and a vacuum of 2 - 5 mbar.

Curing

To determine whether cross-linking has been carried to completion and the final properties are optimal, it is necessary to carry out relevant measurements on the actual object or to measure the glass transition temperature. Different gel and cure cycles in the customer's manufacturing process could lead to a different degree of crosslinking and thus a different glass transition temperature.

It should be noted that certain minimum curing temperatures and time are required to achieve the highest possible crosslinking density in the resin system. The minimum curing temperature for resin system CW30334 CI/HW30335 CI is $120 - 130\,^{\circ}$ C.

Processing Data

Mixing Viscosity at 60 ℃	ISO 3219	mPa.s	3000 - 5000
Mixing Viscosity at 80°C	ISO 3219	mPa.s	1200 - 1800
Pot life at 80°C			
(Time to reach 10 000 mPas)	Brookfield	min	210

Gel time at different temperature:

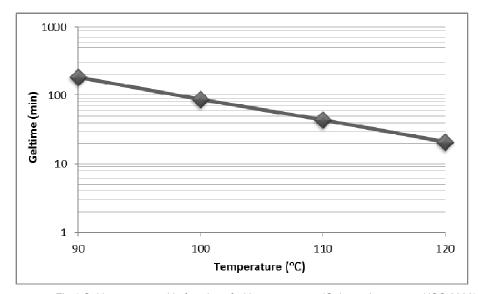


Fig.1:Geltime measured in function of with temperature (Gelnorm Instrument / ISO 9396)



Mechanical and Physical Properties	Determined on standard test specimen at 23°C cured for 2h at 95°C + 1h *(95-130)°C+ 2h at 130°C						
	Color of castings Tensile strength Elongation at break E-Modulus from tensile test	ISO 527 ISO 527 ISO 527	MPa % MPa MPa MPa MPa.m ^{1/2}	Grey 65 - 80 0.5 - 0.8 15000-18000 100-130 0.5 - 1.0 15000-18000 2.9 - 3.2 470 - 570			
	Flexural strength Surface strain E-Modulus from flexural test	ISO 178 ISO 178 ISO 178					
	Double Torsion Test Critical stress intensity factor (K1c) Specific energy at break (G1c)	CG 216-0/89					
	Glass transition temperature (DSC)	IEC 1006	°C	90 – 105			
	Coefficient of linear thermal expansion (Below Tg)	ISO 11359-2	ppm / K	22 – 26			
	Hardness Shore D Thermal conductivity Density of cured sample	ISO 868 ISO 8894-1 DIN 55990	W/mK g/cm³	85 1.1 – 1.2 2.24			
	Water absorption (specimen: 50×50×4 mm)	ISO 62					
	7 day at 25°C 120 min at 100°C		% by wt. % by wt.	0.07 - 0.10 0.05 - 0.07			
Electrical Properties	Determined on standard test specimen at 23°C cured for 2h at 95°C + 1h *(95-130)°C+ 2h at 130°C						
	Breakdown strength(2mm plate)	IEC 60243-1	kV/mm	20 – 26			
	Volume resistivity at 23℃	IEC 62631	Ω .cm	1.55 * 10 ¹⁵			
	Tracking resistance with test solution A	IEC 60112	СТІ	> 600			



INDUSTRIAL HYGIENE

Mandatory and recommended industrial hygiene procedures should be followed whenever our products are being handled and processed. For additional information please consult the corresponding Safety Data Sheets and the brochure "Hygienic precautions for handling plastics products".

HANDLING PRECAUTIONS

Safety precautions at workplace:

protective clothing :yes

gloves: essential

arm protectors: recommended when skin contact likely

goggles/safety glasses: yes

respirator/dust mask: recommended

Skin protection

before starting work Apply barrier cream to exposed skin after washing Apply barrier or nourishing cream

Cleansing of contaminated skin Dab off with absorbent paper, wash with warm water and alkali-free soap, then dry with disposable towels. Do not use solvents Clean shop requirements: Cover workbenches, etc. with light coloured paper. Use disposable breakers, etc.

Disposal of spillage: Soak up with sawdust or cotton waste and deposit in plastic-

lined bin Ventilation:

of workshop Renew air 3 to 5 times an hour

of workplace Exhaust fans. Operatives should avoid inhaling vapours.

STORAGE

The components have to be stored under dry conditions at 18-25°C, in tightly sealed original containers. Under these conditions, the shelf life will correspond to the expiry date stated on the label. After this date, the product may be processed only following reanalysis. Partly emptied containers should be closed tightly immediately after use.

For information on waste disposal and hazardous products of decomposition in the event of fire, refer to the Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS) for these particular products.

FIRST AID

Contamination of the eyes by resin, hardener or casting mix should be treated immediately by flushing with clean, running water for 10 to 15 minutes. A doctor should then be consulted.

Material smeared or splashed on the skin should be dabbed off, and the contaminated area then washed and treated with a cleansing cream (see above). A doctor should be consulted in the event of severe irritation or burns.

Contaminated clothing should be changed immediately.

Anyone taken ill after inhaling vapours should be moved out of doors immediately. In all cases of doubt call for medical assistance.



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